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## Avurvedic Treatment in iron deficiency anemia; a case study

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#### Abstract:

Faulty food habits and changed lifestyle had given rise to many deficiency syndromes and disorders. Iron deficiency anemia is one such disorder prominent in developing countries like India and primarily detected in fertile females. Here complete Ayurveda perspective for the underlying disorder - Pandu, by taking into consideration the Rasa - Rakta Dhatu, its Mool Sthana - Yakrut and other factors are been studied. Also the treatment protocol is designed accordingly with some single herbs such as Dadimadi Ghrut and Arjuna along with Mandura Raja. A case is treated with mentioned view of management and results were satisfactory.

**Keywords:** Pandu, Rasa – Rakta Dhatu, Dadimadi Ghrut, Mandura Raja

#### **Introduction:**

Fast food culture had resulted in number of deficiency syndrome and also metabolic disorders. According to modern science the deficiency of any element in the body is primarily due to lower or ceased intake of its source and also inability of body to assimilate and absorb the specified element. Thus end up in increasing the supply of that element in form of medication. On the other hand Ayurveda has a completely different and holistic perspective for such conditions. Ayurveda had described similar conditions under the title of Pandu Vyadhi. In this Vyadhi, there is vitiation of Pitta Dosha and along with Vatadi Dosha it gets circulated all over the body. It gets seated in Kapha Sthana, Twacha, Mamsa and Meda. And there it exhibits the vitiated Pitta signs and symptoms. This causes the pale colour of skin or Pandu Varna hence termed as Pandu Vyadhi. Acharya Sushruta had described that the Rakta dhatu becomes low in quality and thus resulting in reduced bold functionality all over the body. Here we can correlate this condition with low hemoglobin levels in blood. A case is studied and treated accordingly to observe the outcome of the treatment protocol.

## Case study-

Name - abc

Age - 35 years

Sex - female

Prakruti; Pitta – Vata

**History** – diagnosed as iron deficiency anemia with low levels of Hb. By modern allopathic practitioner. Had taken the modern medication of iron supplements and other drugs for two to three months for 3 times in past two years. Presently suggested for blood transfusion as the Hb level was very low, but patient refused to undergo the procedure and opted for *Ayurvedic* treatment.

## Presenting signs and symptoms -

Breathlessness on exertion – 5 months

Heaviness in body - 3-4 months

Swelling on the face and extremities -3 months

Pain in both the legs -5 months

Fatigue - 4 months

Increased sensitivity towards light and sound – 5 months

## On investigation –

Blood reports before the Ayurvedic treatment –

	HAEMOGRAN	M REPORT	
R2 R3			
100 200 300 TU	Test Value	Normal Range	Unit
PBC	5.4	13-18	gm%
1	3.26	4-5.4	10^6/uL
/\	18.8	40-54	%
	57.67	77-96	fL
PLT	16.56	27-32	pg
	28.72	30-35	gm/dl
3 10 15 20 25 11	8700	4000-10000	/cumm
UNT			
Neutrophils	64	40-75	%
Lymphocytes	27	20-45	%
Eosinophils	04	1-6	%
Monocytes	05	2-10	%
Basophils	00	0-1	%
Platelet Count	548000	150000-450000	/cumm
BLOOD PICTURE	d Haematology Analyzer-Mindray	PC 2000 Pk	
(NOTE)-Boile of Tally Automate	u naematology Analyzer-Mindray	BC-3000 Plus	
			- Anc
			Lab Technic
ilities Available:			-us recinite

## Treatment protocol -

- a) Nidan parivarjan
- b) Prakruti Pitta Vata

On the basis of Prakruti, treatment included Pitta pacifying and Vata balancing procedures and drugs.

- c) Pachana Deepana as this is result of Aam formation, here Pachana and Deepana is undertaken.
- d) Procedure Abhyanga (whole body massage) with sesame oil daily for 7 days followed by part massage (soles of foot and lumbar region) for rest of treatment period i.e. for 1 month
- e) Drugs used -
- 1. *Dadimadi Ghrut* 5ml three times before food. For one month.
- 2. Amla + Yashti + Arjuna (3gm) + Mandura Bhasma 125 mg along with honey and ghee two na i. times after food.- For one month.

## Probable mode of action -

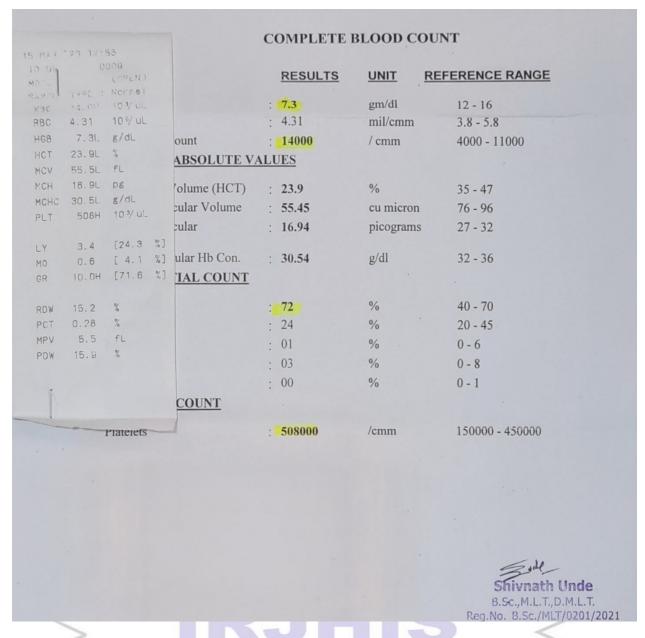
In Ayurveda the treatment is designed on specific set of principles. It includes Nidan parivarjan – avoiding use of causative factors which are responsible for formation of disease. In the following case use of spices in food and untimely food habits which were responsible for aggravation of Pitta as well as Vata dosha were avoided. Also moderate exercise was added to the daily routine for 30 min.

From Hetu sevana to formation of a disease, the pathological sequence - Samprapti was observed and treatment accordingly was designed.

- 1. Dadimadi ghrut (Ashtanga H. Pandu Chikitsa) it is a prime drug used in treatment of Pandu Vaydhi. In Pandu there is primarily the vitiation of Pitta Dosha and Ghrut is said to be the best medium to pacify the vitiated *Pitta Dosha*. It also act on *Jatahargni* and thereby helps to produce optimum quality of Rasa Dhatu. This Rasa Dhatu then further nourishes and produce Prakrut Rakkta Dhatu. Here the symptom of increased sensitivity is checked by optimum quality of Rasa Dhatu. While the Fatigue, heaviness in body and pain in legs are pacified by replenishing and strengthening other Dhatu.
- 2. Amla + Yashti + Arjuna (3gm) + Mandura Bhasma 125 mg it is mentioned in Ashtanga Hrudaya that Mandura or Loha which is purified in Gomutra is beneficial in all types of Pandu. Hence the Gomutra Siddha Mandura Bhasma is taken and mixed with given powders. Other symptoms of weakness and fatigue are relieved by this Aushadhi Yoga. It also pacifies vitiated Pitta and Vata Dosha. Along with it, it also helps in increasing the digestive fire – Jatharagni. The Rasa, Rakta, Mamsa, Meda and Aba Dhatu are nourished and thereby attain its optimum level. It acts on Raktavaha Mool Sthana i.e. Yakruta and by its result tend

to normal production of Pitta which can be correlated with the intrinsic factor which has vital role in development of anemia. The *Gomutra Bhavit Mandur Bhasma* helps in restoring the hemoglobin levels in the blood.

## Blood reports after treatment -



## Inference:

Though the condition of the patient according to reports was critical and was advised for blood transfusion. The patient opted for natural and holistic treatment approach of Ayurveda. In short span of time of one month the treatment was given and the results were satisfactory. The hemoglobin level was increased and along with it there was marked difference in symptoms like fatigue, breathlessness, pain in legs, heaviness in body and swelling over the face.

It opens a new path for further research and also to understand the applicability of *Ayurvedic* principles and herbal drugs in discussed conditions. We can offer a complete healthcare by

considering all aspects of the disorder and thereby addressing the present issue.

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